WEST Search History

Hide Items Restore Clear Cancel

DATE: Tuesday, March 28, 2006

Hide?	Set Name	Query	Hit Count		
	DB=PGPB, USPT, USOC, EPAB, JPAB, DWPI, TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=OR				
	L37	6730939	3		
	L36	4608117	38		
	L35	L34 and l32	59		
	L34	gate or wire or pixel or drain	3365571		
<u>F</u>	L33	L32 and 11	0		
	L32	L31 same l13	172		
	L31	15 same 111	648		
	DB=JPAB; P	LUR = YES; OP = OR			
	L30	129 and 128	0		
	L29 .	currentless	, 9		
Γ.	L28	117	12		
	. L27	116	0		
Ī	· L26	116 and 117 and 118	. 0		
Γ.	L25	57-043977.pn.	. 0		
	L24	57-43977	0		
	L23	570043977	. 0		
	L22	57043977.pn.	0		
DB=PGPB, $USPT$, $EPAB$, $JPAB$, $DWPI$, $TDBD$; $PLUR=YES$; $OP=OR$					
	L21	120 and 111	4		
	L20	113 and 119	8		
	L19	L18 and 117 and 116	29		
	L18	wolf.inv.	22605		
	L17	giesecke.inv.	278		
,	L16	ebneth.inv.	125		
	L15	L14 and I1	11		
	L14	L13 same 15	3123		
<u>. </u>	L13	light or irradiat\$5	3268036		
	L12	L11 and l10 _.	6		
	L11	pattern _	1707313		
	L10	L9 and 16	38		
Г	L9	palladium and dichloride	9860		

" [] _{\(\delta\)}	L8	palladiaum and dichloride	0
П	L7	palladium and dichlorideL6	0
	L6	L5 and I1	981
	L5	organometal\$5	58503
	L4	L3 and l1	24799
	L3	metal\$5 or organ\$5	5106626
	L2	metal\$5 or organ\$5L1	4050784
	L1	bayer.asn.	63975

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

First Hit

Previous Doc

Next Doc

Go to Doc#

Generate Collection

Print

L29: Entry 4 of 9

File: JPAB

Mar 10, 1998

PUB-NO: JP410070128A

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: JP 10070128 A

TITLE: METHOD OF FORMATION OF PALLADIUM CONTACT BUMP ON SEMICONDUCTOR CIRCUIT

CARRIER

PUBN-DATE: March 10, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

COUNTRY

MEYER, HEINRICH DR DR

MAHLKOW, HARTMUT ASCHENBRENNER, ROLF

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

COUNTRY

ATOTECH DEUTSCHE GMBH

FRAUNHOFER GES

APPL-NO: JP09196019 APPL-DATE: July 22, 1997

INT-CL (IPC): H01 L 21/321

ABSTRACT:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To deposit a uniformly thick palladium contact bump on a conductor by a method wherein, after an aluminum conductor has been treated by an activating solution containing acidic palladium ions, a neutral <u>currentless</u> palladium deposition bath, containing formic acid or formic acid delivative, palladium ions and a nitrogen containing a complexing agent, is used.

SOLUTION: A metal intermediate layer 5 is selectively deposited on the surface of a cleaned aluminum conductive layer 1 using a zing ion aqueous solution. Also, the surface of a silicon base 4, which is not covered by an aluminum bonded pad 1, is covered by a passivated layer 3. Subsequently, a thin palladium layer 6 is formed on the aluminum bonded pad 1. After the palladium layer 6 has been activated by a strong acidic solution containing perchloric acid potassium (oxidizing agent) and sulfuric acid palladium, a contact bump 7 is deposited on the palladium layer using a non-current palladium bath (pH value of 4 to 7) containing ehtylenediamine (complexing agent) and sodium formate (reducing agent). The temperature of abovementioned bath is about 70°C, and the deposition thickness is corresponded to treatment time.

COPYRIGHT: (C) 1998, JPO

Previous Doc

Next Doc

Go to Doc#

Previous Doc Next Doc Go to Doc# First Hit

Generate Collection Print

L35: Entry 57 of 59

File: DWPI

Aug 11, 2005

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 2005-566813

DERWENT-WEEK: 200558

COPYRIGHT 2006 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: Precipitation of metal and/or metal oxide for pattern formation, involves irradiating film containing organometallic compound and/or complex with energy beam, and decomposing organic component in film at irradiated region

INVENTOR: HIYAMA, H; SUMIYA, M; YOKOTA, H

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: EBARA CORP (EBAR)

PRIORITY-DATA: 2004JP-0020856 (January 29, 2004)

Search Selected Search ALL

PATENT-FAMILY:

PAGES PUB-DATE LANGUAGE MAIN-IPC PUB-NO

August 11, 2005 017 C23C018/14 JP 2005213567 A

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO

DESCRIPTOR

APPL-DATE

January 29, 2004

APPL-NO

2004JP-0020856 JP2005213567A

INT-CL (IPC): B82 B 3/00; C01 B 31/02; C23 C 18/14; C23 C

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: JP2005213567A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - A film containing an organometallic compound and/or an organometallic complex, is formed and irradiated with an energy beam. The organic component contained in the film positioned at the irradiated region is decomposed, and a metal and/or a metal oxide are precipitated.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) particles of metal and/or metal oxide produced by the process;
- (2) film of metal and/or metal oxide;
- (3) wire of metal and/or metal oxide;
- (4) metallic mold of metal and/or metal oxide;
- (5) semiconductor device;

- (64 manufacture of carbon fiber or carbon tube, which involves forming particles of metal and/or metal oxide on a substrate, contacting the substrate with hydrocarbon •gas and/or carbon-monoxide gas, heating the substrate, and forming carbon fiber or carbon tube on the particles;
- (7) manufacture of optical waveguide, which involves forming a pattern of particles of metal and/or metal oxide on a substrate at equal spacing;
- (8) manufacture of single electron transistor, which involves using the particles of metal and/or metal oxide as a conductor island;
- (9) manufacture of field emitter, which involves using the particles as an emitter
- (10) optical waveguide;
- (11) single electron transistor;
- (12) field emitter; and
- (13) pattern forming apparatus (10) of metal and/or metal oxide, equipped with a unit (14) for forming a film of organometallic compound and/or complex, and a unit
- (18) for irradiating with an energy beam.

USE - For precipitating metal and/or metal oxide in form of particles, films, wires and metallic molds, used for pattern formation in manufacture of semiconductor device, carbon fiber or carbon tube, optical waveguide, single electron transistor, field emitter (all claimed), and other functional materials, such as electric, magnetic and light functional materials used for nano-size catalysts.

ADVANTAGE - The precipitation method enables easy and convenient pattern formation.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the pattern forming apparatus. (Drawing includes non-English language text).

pattern forming apparatus 10

wafer delivery opening 12

film-forming unit 14

irradiation unit 18

washing-drying unit 20

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: JP2005213567A

EQUIVALENT-ABSTRACTS:

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.4/10

DERWENT-CLASS: E36 L03 Q68 U11 V05 X25 CPI-CODES: E05-B03; E05-D; E05-F02B; E05-L; E05-M01; E05-M02A; E05-M02C; E05-M03A; E05-M03B; E05-N02C; E05-N03B; E05-U03; E05-V03; E11-A; E31-N01; E31-P03; E34-C01; E35; L03-G02; L04-C06; L04-E01; N01-C02; N01-D02; N02-A01; N02-B01; N02-C01; N02-D01; N02-E01; N02-E03; N02-E04; N02-F; N03-B; N03-C01; N03-C03; N03-D01; N03-E;

```
NO3-F; NO3-G; NO7-J;
EPÎ-CODES: U11-C05B4; U11-C05C6; V05-F05A7A; V05-F05A7C; V05-F05A7X; V05-F05E5;
•V05-F08D1; X25-A09;
```

Previous Doc Next Doc Go to Doc#